

What items were **imported** to the colonies? **IMPORTED MEANS BROUGHT IN!**
WEAPONS, CLOTHING/CLOTH, METAL, TOOLS, GLASS AND MACHINES.

ITEMS THAT WERE MADE IN FACTORIES (P. 228)

What items were **exported** from the colonies? **EXPORTED MEANS SENT OUT!**
CORN, LUMBER, FISH, SHIPS, TOBACCO, GRAINS (WHEAT & CORN), INDIGO, WOOD PRODUCTS,
RICE, FURS. (rum)

What is an indentured servant?

A PERSON WHO COULD NOT AFFORD TO PAY FOR THE PASSAGE. THEY WORKED FOR 3-7
YEARS TO PAY OFF THE COST.

What is the backcountry and why people moved there? BETWEEN ATLANT. COSTL PLAIN AND THE
APPL. MTNS. **The land on the Atlantic Coastal Plain became scarce and expensive, moved west for
cheaper land.**

What is the “free enterprise system?” **People can choose to start their own business.**

What is “agriculture?” **The business of farming**

What is a “plantation?” **A large farm usually growing one main cash crop.**

What are “slave codes?” **Laws that took rights away from slaves.
Could not marry, learn to read, own property or practice their own religion**

What is an “overseer?” **The boss of the slaves, told them what to do and punished them.**

What industries were common in the New England colonies?
Fishing, ship building & lumber

What industries were common in the middle colonies? **Growing grains – corn & wheat**

What industries were common in the southern colonies? **Cash crops: tobacco, indigo, rice**

Why did each of these areas have different industries? **Different natural resources & climates.**

New England had **ocean & forests**

Middle colonies had **rich soil & many rivers**

Southern colonies had **red clay soil, long growing season, flat land.**

What was the “triangular trade?”

**Rum was taken to Africa from the colonies, traded for slaves that were taken to the West Indies, traded
for molasses, molasses taken to colonies, made into rum.**

Why were there so many slaves in the southern colonies?

**The large plantation of the southern colonies required hundreds of workers. There were no people
available to hire in the colonies. Slave labor cost less than paying, so they could make a bigger profit.**